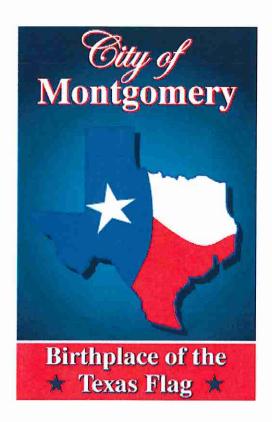
City of Montgomery



FY 2016-2017 Annual Operating Budget

H.B. 3195 Notice

"This budget will raise more total property taxes than last year's budget by \$168,321, and of that amount, \$36,815 is the tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the roll this year."

Adopted by City Council on August 23, 2016 Ordinance No. 2016-16

CITY OF MONTGOMERY

FY 2016-17 OPERATING BUDGET

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City of Montgomery

Mayor and Members of the City Council

Kirk Jones

Mayor Term: 2016-2018

Jon Bickford

City Council Member, Position #1 Term: 2015-2017

John Champagne

City Council Member, Position #2 Term: 2016-2018

T.J. Wilkerson

City Council Member, Position #3 Term: 2015-2017

Rebecca Huss

City Council Member, Position #4 Term: 2016-2018

Dave McCorquodale

City Council Member, Position #5
Term: 2015-2017

Administration

Jack Yates

City Administrator

Susan Hensley
City Secretary

James Napolitano
Police Chief

Rebecca Lehn
Court Administrator

Mike Muckleroy Public Works Manager





Dear Citizens of Montgomery:

In compliance with state law, the City's code of ordinances, and good management practices, we are pleased to submit the *FY 2016-2017 Annual Operating Budget* for the City of Montgomery. This budget has been developed with the goal of providing a wide range of quality services and maintaining the quality of life for the citizens of the City of Montgomery.

The budget is a statement of policy, a management and planning document, a financial report, and a means of communication with the citizens of Montgomery. It reviews past accomplishments, identifies future needs, sets objectives for the coming year, and defines the purposes and resources to achieve those objectives.

Budget Preparation —The City begins preparing the projections and estimates needed to compile the Budget in April. Department heads meet with the City Administrator to review their goals, objectives, and financial needs for the coming fiscal year. A public hearing on the proposed budget will be held on August 9, 2016 and the FY 2016-2017 budget and 2016 tax rate will be considered at a meeting of City Council on August 23, 2016.

Financial Policies – An annual budget cannot be prepared without first determining where the organization intends to go and how it intends to get there. The budget is the City's policy statement. It represents priorities for the expenditure of public funds. With this in mind, this budget has been created with recognized and adopted standard municipal financial guidelines.

The city staff is to be commended for their work in creating and preparing this budgetary document. Also, the guidance and support of the City Council in providing direction and assistance in the budgeting process is very much appreciated. Thanks to these efforts, the citizens of Montgomery's quality of life will be protected as the City continues to grow. We are happy to report to our residents and bondholders that on December 10, 2013 Standard and Poor's upgraded the City's credit rating three notches to "AA" based on the "strong economy, very strong budgetary flexibility, strong budgetary performance, very strong liquidity, strong management, very weak debt and liability profile, and strong institutional framework."

Kirk Jones

Mayor

Jack Yates

City Administrator



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Once again, it is important to recognize the dedication and exceptional service provided by the Department Heads and their staff. Those department heads include Chief of Police Jim Napolitano, City Secretary Susan Hensley, Municipal Court Administrator Becky Lehn and Mike Muckleroy, Public Works Foreman.

Also, special acknowledgment and consideration goes to the City Council, City residents, members of the appointed boards and commissions, Larry Foerster, City Attorney, Glynn Fleming and Ed Shackleford, City Engineers with Jones and Carter, Municipal Accounts, Fernland and all City employees for their hard work and dedication to the City of Montgomery.



CITY INFORMATION AND AREA DEMOGRAPHICS

Location and History

Founded in 1837 and recognized as the birthplace of the Texas Lone Star Flag, the City of Montgomery and the surrounding area is rich with historical sites where events occurred that have shaped the history of the City.

Prior to 1837, Montgomery was a trading post situated a mile north of the City's present site. Owen and Margaret Montgomery Shannon, colonists with Stephen F. Austin, had settled on their grant of land and traded with the Indians. In July of 1837, an ad in the *Telegraph and Texas Register* advertised the sale of lots in the newly-organized town of Montgomery. The article stated that a new county was expected to be created and Montgomery, from its central position, would be selected as the seat of justice. Montgomery remained the seat of government until 1889, when the records were moved to Conroe.

In its early days, Montgomery was the trade center for a large farming area, where stagecoach, railroad, and telegraph lines crossed. Civic and religious organizations came early to the City, as well as the first school in 1839. In 1848, the City of Montgomery was officially incorporated, and in 1842, the first Protestant parsonage in Texas was built here.

In the 1850's, Montgomery experienced a building boom. Some of the fine homes built at that time remain today with descendants of the original owners or early owners occupying them. The Civil War stopped much of the progress in the City, but by 1900, numerous mercantile establishments were in business, as well as three cotton gins, railroads active with freight and passengers, five hotels and boarding houses, doctors, dentists, and lawyers. However, with the railroads bypassing the City, and the county seat moving to Conroe, Montgomery reverted back to the little town it is today – quiet, peaceful, and rich in history.

Today, Montgomery is a small and friendly community of approximately 900 residents, and is located in the scenic countryside of west Montgomery County, intersected by Highways 105 and 149. Known for its large assortment of antiques and crafts stores, Montgomery enjoys a relaxed small-town atmosphere, but due to its close proximity with Conroe, The Woodlands, and Houston, the City is poised for significant growth in the coming years.



Population

	1990	2000	2010	2016
Montgomery	356	489	621	960
Montgomery RTA	N/A	24,822	40,837	48,200
Montgomery County	182,201	293,768	455,760	537,599
Houston MSA	3,321,911	4,715,407	5,920,416	6,622,047

Note: RTA means Retail Trade Area as defined in Retail Coach Study, 2013 MSA means Metropolitan Statistical Area

Unemployment

	2005	2010	2016	
Montgomery County	4.6	7.3	4.0	
Houston MSA	5.3	8.2	4.8	
Texas	5.6	8.4	4.4	
USA	5.1	9.6	4.9	

Education

Montgomery ISD:

1 senior high school

1 junior high school 1 middle school

1 intermediate school

4 elementary schools

Higher Education:

Montgomery County

Lone Star College-Montgomery, The Woodlands

The University Center, The Woodlands



Area Colleges

Prairie View A&M University, Prairie View

Rice University, Houston

Sam Houston State University, Huntsville Texas A&M University, College Station Texas Southern University, Houston University of Houston, Houston University of St. Thomas, Houston

Utilities

Electric Power:

Supplier

Entergy

Natural Gas:

Supplier

LDC, Centerpoint

Water Supply:

Supplier

City of Montgomery

Water Source

Jasper and Catahoula

Aquifers

Sewer System:

Operator

City of Montgomery

Telephone:

Supplier

Consolidated

Numerous others

Community

Newspaper:

Houston Chronicle (daily)

The Courier (daily)

Montgomery County News (weekly)

Radio:

Numerous stations in the Houston area

Television:

KPRC Channel 2 (NBC) KHOU Channel 11 (CBS) KTRK Channel 13 (ABC) KRIV Channel 26 (FOX) KHTV Channel 39 (WB) Numerous cable channels

Church:

Numerous churches of various denominations

Parks and playgrounds:

4 City parks



BUDGET SUMMARY

This Budget Summary is a condensed overview of the City of Montgomery's budget for the fiscal year that begins on October 1, 2016 and ends on September 30, 2017 (FY 2016-2017). A City's budget presents in financial terms a plan to accomplish certain objectives in a fiscal year. Budget preparation and development is an ongoing process. The City Council sets the vision and direction for the City by establishing priorities, developing proposals or projects, and providing feedback to the staff on a variety of ideas and propositions. The staff's role is to then translate that information into a financial action plan that is reviewed and reformed by the City Council.

The budget for FY 2016-2017 is a balanced, conservative plan that maintains the City's previous commitments towards providing quality services and facilities for the citizens of Montgomery, and addresses opportunities for continual improvements. The total operating budget for FY 2016-2017 is just over \$2.880 million. The following is an outline of some general conditions and the key components of this budget.

Basis of Accounting and Budget

The City's accounting and budgeting records for all general governmental funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis. This method recognizes revenues when they are measurable and available, and expenditures when goods and services are received, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when paid.

Economic Climate

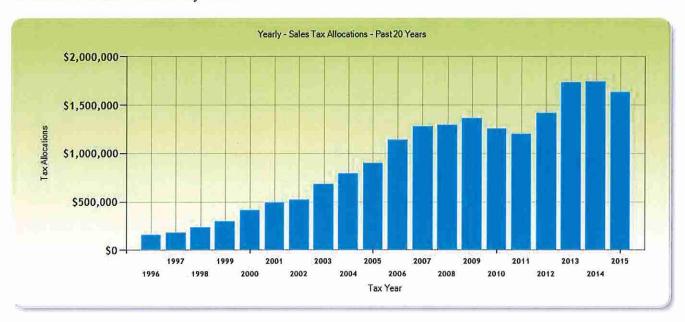
While the City economy is limited primarily to residences and small retailers, residents have access to employment opportunities throughout the northern Houston MSA which is undergoing rapid economic growth. County unemployment is 4.0% in May 2016, which was below state and national rates.

The City's tax bases have benefited from the growth occurring in the region. City sales tax collections have increased 24% over two years ending in fiscal 2016 with \$1.65 million. Taxable assessed valuation (AV) has increased by 26.5% over two years ending in 2015 at \$170 million. The tax base is diverse with 10 leading taxpayers accounting for 23% of the AV.

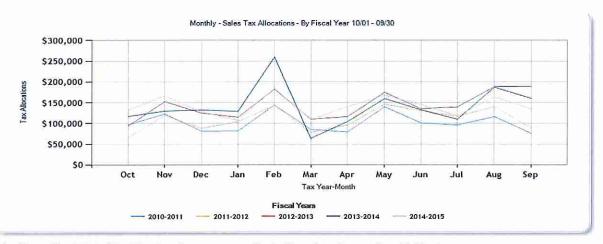


Sales Tax

Sales tax is the largest revenue source for the City, accounting for nearly two-thirds of the projected revenues in the General Fund. The City collects 2% from all taxable sales within the city limits. One percent is authorized for general government use, ½ percent is allocated to the Montgomery Economic Development Corporation (MEDC), and the remaining ½ percent is designated for property tax reduction. While sales tax is a major contributor for the City's revenues, it is also highly volatile and can rise and fall unpredictably. In order to try and offset these fluctuations, the City tries to carefully forecast sales tax growth. Based upon this and projected growth rates, the City estimates that sales tax revenues in the General Fund will increase by 10%.



This chart shows the City's total sales tax allocations since 1996. From 2004 to 2016, sales tax allocations have increased by over 19 %. In 2005, the City passed an ordinance authorizing the collection of an additional ½ cent sales tax for use by MEDC, and this revenue is transferred to the MEDC Fund on a monthly basis.

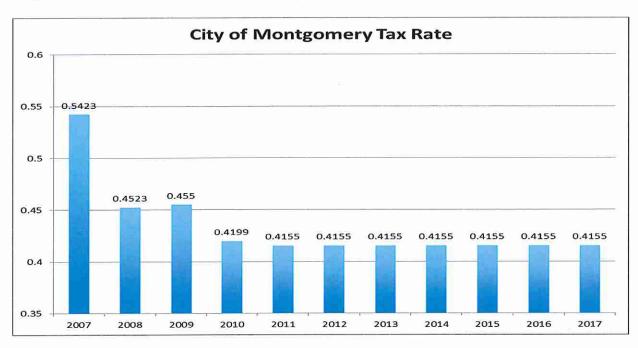


Monthly and Yearly Sales Tax Allocation charts, as reported by the Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts.



Property Tax

Property tax (also known as ad valorem tax) paid to the City is broken down into two components: maintenance & operations (M&O) and debt service, sometimes known as interest & sinking (I&S). The M&O rate is used to fund general operations of the City. Meanwhile, the debt service rate is calculated to raise enough revenue to make the payments on bonded debt for the upcoming twelve months. The proposed property tax rate for 2016 is unchanged at \$0.4155 per \$100 valuation. The revenue from this property tax is shown in the FY 2016-2017 budget.



This tax rate is levied on all property within the City that is classified as real (land), improvements (homes, stores, and other buildings), and business personal property (machinery and equipment used for commercial purposes as well as business inventories). The Montgomery Central Appraisal District (MCAD) is charged with determining the appropriate market value for all of the property in the county, as well as maintaining records for the exemptions and deductions allowed by state law. This comprises the City's property tax roll, and the tax is assessed in October and due by the end of January. The Montgomery County Tax Assessor and Collector's office bills and collects our taxes via an Interlocal Agreement.

The property tax rolls for the City can be increased in several ways. First, new improvements can be built or additional personal property can be located within the City. Second, exempt property can lose its exemption through a change of use. Third, market conditions can increase the value of existing property and improvements. Finally, the City can also annex additional territory. As the property tax rolls can increase, they can also decrease if the opposite occurs in the examples listed above. In 2015 (FY 2015-2016), the total assessed valuation (AV) for property in the City was estimated at \$125,000,000. The estimated preliminary AV in the City for FY 2016-2016 is \$170,000,000.





The first chart illustrates the 2015 property tax rates charged by the taxing entities most applicable to residents of the City, and these rates are configured based upon \$100 of the property's assessed valuation by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District. For example, a tax rate of \$0.5000 would be assessed at 50¢ for each \$100 in value. The average resident pays property taxes to the Montgomery Independent School District, the City, Montgomery County, Emergency Services District #2, and the Montgomery County Hospital District. Also, the second chart compares the property tax rates of Montgomery with several other area municipalities.



Water and Sewer Sales

Another major revenue source for the City is water and sewer sales. The Water and Sewer Fund is an Enterprise Fund, which means that the fund operates in a self-sufficient manner to cover the operating costs associated with the water and sewer utilities. Water consumption varies each year in proportion to the amount of rainfall. Essentially, water sales tend to increase in a dry year and decrease in a wet year.

Water and sewer rates bills are invoiced on a monthly basis. For residential customers, the City charges a minimum of \$16.00 up to 2,000 gallons for water usage, with increasing block rates for water use beginning at \$2.50 per 1,000 gallons of use. The City charges residential sewer customers a minimum of \$12.50 for up to 2,000 gallons of water usage plus \$1.60 per \$1,000 gallons of water used in excess of 2,000 gallons. For commercial customers, the City charges a minimum of \$19.50 up to 2,000 gallons for water usage, with increasing block rates for water use beginning at \$2.50 per 1,000 gallons of use. The City charges commercial sewer customers a minimum of \$21.50 for up to 2,000 gallons of water usage plus \$2.00 per \$1,000 gallons of water used in excess of 2,000 gallons. Also, it should be noted there are different rates for institutions such as schools as well as customers located outside the city limits.

A rate analysis by the City Engineer has identified the need for higher rates to fund much needed repairs and investments. This increase will be addressed through Council discussions and public hearings in September 2016.

Additionally, the City charges all water customers \$1.65 per 1,000 gallons of water used for a Groundwater Reduction Program implemented to satisfy regulations by Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District. Customers are also charged \$17.61 for garbage pickup, along with \$1.40 in tax. New water and sewer rates are being considered for the 2016-2017 FY Budget.

Each year, the Texas Municipal League (TML) conducts a survey of the water and sewer rates in several Texas cities. The chart below compares Montgomery's rates to other area cities as reported in the TML survey, and these monthly rates are based on 10,000 gallons of water use under the proposed rate. Based upon these figures, Montgomery's rates are below several area cities.

City	2015 Water and Sewer Minimum Bill	2016 Water and Sewer Minimum Bill	2016 Water and Sewer 10,000 Gal. Bill
Cleveland	52.94	52.94	100.00
Oak Ridge North		49.45	142.19
Willis	48.75	48.75	103.45
Conroe	48.73	48.53	109.48
Montgomery	47.56	47.56	112.76
Houston		15.84	123.81



Fund Overviews

The City's budget consists of many different funds, and these funds account for the various functions or projects of the government. Some revenue sources, such as water and sewer sales, are dedicated for a specified purpose, so a fund is created to record these activities. Each fund is a stand-alone operation and audited as an individual unit, and the following is a brief outline of the activity in each funds. In order to view more detailed information and figures on these funds, please see their separate sections.

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's largest fund, and finances nearly all of the City's services. This fund accounts for revenue, expenditures, and transfers associated with municipal services not directly supported or accounted for in other funds. The primary funding sources for the General Fund are taxes and franchise fees, permits and licenses, and court fines and forfeitures. For FY 2016-2017, the budget calls for revenues and transfers of \$2,992,042 and expenditures of \$2,894,870.

Water and Sewer Fund

The Water and Sewer Fund finances the operation and maintenance of the City's water and sewer systems, and the contracted municipal solid waste collection and disposal service. The main source of revenue for the fund is the water and sewer fees that are collected monthly from the customers of the City's systems. In FY 2016-2017, the budget proposes revenues of \$1,106,260 and expenditures of \$947,750 and a transfer to Debt Service of \$125,300.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund was established to account for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding tax supported debt. When this debt was issued, property taxes were pledged to repay the bondholders. The revenue sources for this fund are property taxes and transfers from the MEDC and Water and Sewer Funds. It is anticipated that \$2,667,000 of Texas Water Development debt will be made mid-year with a \$546,867 payment due this fiscal year. The proposed FY 2016-2017 budget includes tax and interest revenues of \$352,891, transfers from Montgomery Economic Development Corporation (MEDC) Fund of \$127,500, and transfers from Water and Sewer Fund of \$125,300 to pay expenditures of \$546,867.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund was created primarily to finance the purchase or construction of infrastructure projects. Capital projects are characterized by their costs, the long operational life of the asset, and the potential impact these projects would have on a department's operating budget. The main revenue sources for this fund are bonds, grants, transfers from other funds and interest. Several large capital projects were completed in FY 2015-2016. For FY 2016-2017 a water line across Buffalo Springs Bridge, and \$2,667,000 of projects will be added from the Texas Water Development Board, including lift station upgrades and water plant improvements are planned from this fund.



Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund

The Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund collects taxes from hotels, motels, and bed and breakfasts located in the City. The City collects a 6% hotel tax from local bed and breakfasts. For FY 2016-2017, the budget calls for revenues of \$610 and expenditures of \$100.

Court Technology Fund

The Court Technology Fund is a fund that collects revenues from court fines and utilizes these resources to finance the purchase of technological enhancements for the Municipal Court. Based upon the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure and enabled through a City ordinance, the City created this fund that requires a defendant convicted of a misdemeanor offense to pay a technology fee not to exceed \$4.00 as a cost of the court. In FY 2016-2017, the budget proposes revenues of \$6,002 and expenditures to equal \$4,800.

Court Security Fund

The Court Security Fund collects revenues from court fines for the purposes of providing funding for the enhancement of Municipal Court security. Also, similar to the Court Technology Fund, the City created this fund based upon the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure and via a City ordinance. Based upon the FY 2016-2017 budget, revenues of \$5,505 and transfers of \$3,400 to General Fund for security expenses and \$1,000 other expenses are proposed.

Police Asset Forfeiture Fund

The Police Asset Forfeiture Fund collects funds related to assets by the Montgomery Police Department. According to state law, expenditures in this fund are to be solely used for law enforcement purposes. For FY 2016-2017, projected revenues are \$1,000 with \$0 expenditures.

Other Financial Structures

Besides the above operating funds, the City also maintains several other financial vehicles and accounts that merit some discussion. In the future, the City may decide to consolidate these items or close some of the accounts.

The City maintains its reserve funds with several accounts in TexPool, which is the largest and oldest local government investment pool in the State of Texas, providing investment services to over 1,700 communities throughout the state. The City holds five TexPool accounts (General, Reserve, Utility, Customer Deposits, and MEDC). These funds were placed in TexPool because this fund earns a much higher interest rate than regular banks, but can still be easily accessed. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool, and Lehman Brothers and Federated Investors manage the daily operations of the pool under a contract with the Comptroller. TexPool seeks to maintain a \$1.00 value per share as required by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act, and TexPool investments consist exclusively of U.S.



Government securities, repurchased agreements collateralized by U.S. Government securities, and AAA-rated no-load money market mutual funds.

The Montgomery Economic Development Corporation (MEDC) Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with MEDC, the City's 4B economic development corporation. MEDC receives a ½ cent sales tax transfer from the General Fund every month, and its primary goals are to promote the expansion of the City by attracting business activity of all types and encouraging the creation of new businesses. The corporation is managed by a Board of Directors responsible for the allocation of these funds in accordance with State Law and the policies or directives established by the City Council. The funds raised through the sales tax allocation may be used for many projects, including direct contribution to new business enterprises that create and retain primary jobs, attracting new industrial development, assistance with expansions or related infrastructure. Although under a separate budget, MEDC anticipates revenues of \$557,500 and expenditures of \$717,100.

The Grant and HOME Grant Accounts are designed as a pass-through for the City's grant programs which are funded through other governmental sources, such as the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs. It is anticipated that the projects associated with these grants will soon be completed.

The Police, Drug, and Miscellaneous Account collects money earned through the activities of the Police Department. However, this account is currently separate from the proposed Police Asset Forfeiture Fund and does not currently have an operating budget.

The City's Escrow Account is primarily used for collecting money from developers related to the pending satisfaction of a contractual contingency or condition to safeguard the City from any major financial losses. Finally, the Customer Utility Deposit Account was established to hold the deposits of water and sewer customers.

The table on the page 17 is a summary of the City's funds including projected fund balances and the proposed FY 2016-2017 activity for each fund. This table shows the funds available to the City to meet its obligations along with the projected revenue and expenses in each fund. On the following page, a simple organizational chart for the City is presented.



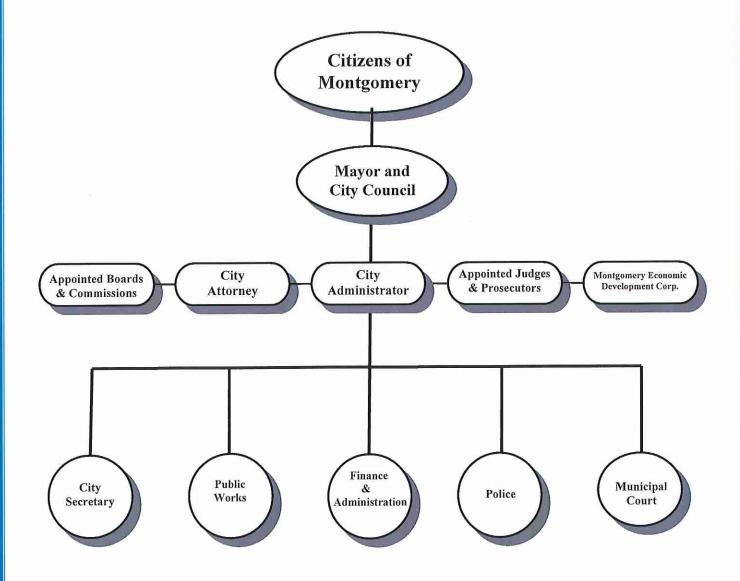
Fiscal Year 2016-2017 Base Budget

Summary of All Funds

	oj. Balance 0/30/2016	FY 2016 FY2016 Expense Transfer		FY2016 Revenue		roj. Balance 9/30/2017	
Governmental Funds							
General Fund	\$ 983,302	\$ 2,972,570	\$	40,900	\$	2,951,142	\$ 1,002,774
Debt Service Fund	99,817	546,867		253,100		352,891	\$ 158,941
Capital Projects Fund (Grants/ Bo	2,575	2,666,000		-		2,667,100	\$ 3,675
Hotel Occupancy Fund	7,743	100				610	\$ 8,253
Court Technology Fund	4,964	4,800		-		6,002	\$ 6,166
Court Security Fund	8,179	1,000		(3,400)		5,505	\$ 9,284
Police Asset Forfeiture Fund	5,715	-		-		1,000	\$ 6,715
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,112,295	\$ 6,191,337	\$	290,600	\$	5,984,250	\$ 1,195,808
Non-Governmental Funds							
Water & Sewer Fund	\$ 67,494	\$ 947,750	\$	(125,300)	\$	1,091,560	\$ 86,004
Total Non-Governmental Funds	\$ 67,494	\$ 947,750	\$	(125,300)	\$	1,091,560	\$ 86,004
Total All Funds	\$ 1,179,789	\$ 7,139,087	\$	165,300	\$	7,075,810	\$ 1,281,812

^{*} MEDC Fund is not shown and its transfers are shown as revenues to other funds.

CITY OF MONTGOMERY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





GENERAL FUND





GENERAL FUND SUMMARY

The General Fund accounts for revenue, expenditures, and transfers associated with municipal services not directly supported or accounted for in other funds.

FUND FINANCIAL ACTIVITY

The General Fund finances nearly all of the City's services. Issues such as the ad valorem tax rate, fees, objectives, levels of service, the number of employees, salaries and benefits are all determined using the preparation of the General Fund's budget. The General Fund is the source of funds for the following City departments: Administration, Police, Municipal Court, and Public Works and Community Development.

Revenue Projections for 2016-2017. The FY 2016-2017 Budget forecasted revenues to finance the General Fund's services at \$2,992,042 million. Based on unaudited year-end numbers, revenues are expected to exceed this target, ending FY 2015-2016 with revenues of \$2.74 million.

Expenditure Projections for 2016-2017. The FY 2016-2017 Budget appropriated \$2.88 million. Using unaudited year-end numbers, it appears that actual expenditures will be under this amount, ending FY 2015-2016 with expenditures of \$2.20 million.

Financial Position in 2016-2017. The City of Montgomery's General Fund will close 2016 in sound fiscal condition. The estimated balance available for appropriation will be approximately \$983,300 thousand, and this amount represents about 66% of estimated 2015-2016 expenses. In other words, the General Fund's operations could be sustained for around eight months with no additional revenues.

2016-2017 Budget

Projected 2016-2017 Revenues. The City's General Fund Revenues for FY 2016-2017 are forecasted to increase \$97,172, or 9% over 2015-2016 budgeted revenues. Total revenues are expected to be \$2,992,042.

Taxes and franchise fees are projected to be \$2,206,612. General Fund revenues generated by the City's sales tax are budgeted at \$1,650,000, 10.3% higher than the \$1,490,000 budgeted in 2015-2016. With a total property valuation within the City appraised at approximately \$168,000,000 million, maintenance and operations property tax revenues are budgeted at \$339,912, which is an increase of 25% over 2015-2016 budgeted estimates. Franchise taxes provide \$70,000, or 1% of the City's General Fund revenues, while beverage taxes account for \$4,000, which is less than 1%.

Revenues from permits and licenses are budgeted at \$133,600 because of annexations and increased commercial and residential development. Administrative transfers from MEDC and the Court Security Fund will account for \$40,900. Community building rentals should produce revenues of \$5,800. Revenues related to court fines and forfeitures are budgeted at \$500,000, which is a 6% increase from the previous year.

Expenditures in 2016-2017. The FY 2016-2017 Budget recommends an appropriation in the amount of \$2,972,570 in the General Fund. The General Fund's 2015-2016 Budget was \$2,587,467, so this budget represents a 13% increase in the total budget.



Personnel costs, including benefits, amount to \$1,319,850 or about 17% of the budget, adding two full-time equivalent positions. Contract services are budgeted at \$896,500, an increase of 6% over last year. Expenditures for capital outlays are budgeted at \$218,600, which is a 11.7% decrease from last year. Expenditures related to communications, supplies and equipment, staff development, insurance, and utilities have modest increases from last year. Meanwhile, expenditures

for maintenance and miscellaneous expenses will decrease slightly, with spending for contingency purposes remaining stable.

It is anticipated than there will be an amendment to the FY 2016-2017 Budget to account for increased revenue and expenses in this fiscal year. These figures are not shown on the tables in the FY 2016-2017 budget.



General Fund Budget at a Glance	2014 Actual	2015-16 Estimate	2015-16 Budget	2016-17 Budget	% Change
Beginning Fund Balance	750,929	845,377	845,377	983,302	
Revenue					
14000.1 Taxes and Francise Fees	1,553,410	1,819,200	1,674,077	2,066,612	
14000.2 Permits and Licenses	82,754	124,759	82,800	133,600	17
14000.4 Fees For Service	4,161	9,660	4,430	8,580	7
14000.5 Court Fines and Forfeitures	437,533	701,859	663,650	730,850	10
14000.6 Other Revenues	69,502	85,099	41,880	11,500	25
Revenue	2,147,360	2,740,577	2,466,837	2,951,142	17
Expenditures					
16000 Personnel	907,097	1,135,204	1,126,090	1,319,850	17
16001 Communications	5,776	7,000	5,000	9,000	40
16002 Contract Services	610,016	746,801	861,090		4
16003 Supplies and Equipment	65,289	76,420	68,350	143,800	47
16004 Staff Development	27,541	23,700	51,650	33,700	-35
16005 Maintenance	80,325	84,462	92,100		25
16006 Insurance	16,208	17,570	17,320		23
16007 Utilities	52,548	29,900	28,820	53,900	35
16008 Capital Outlay	150,020	149,813	401,447	218,600	-46
16010 Miscellanous/ Contingency	47,769	6,000	8,200		1878
Expenditures	1,962,589	2,276,870	2,660,067	2,972,570	13
Net Ordinary Income	184,771	463,707	-193,230	-21,428	
Interfund Transfers					
Transfers In	40,380	40,380	40,380	40,900	1
Transfers Out	130,703	. 0	. 0	0	0
Net Transfers	-90,323	40,380	40,380	40,900	1
•	ŕ	·			
Net Income	94,448	504,087	-152,850	19,472	
Ending Fund Balance	845,377	1,349,464	983,302	1,002,774	

General Fund Rev	enues	2014	2015	2015 Ammended	2016-17 Proposed
Statement of Reve	enues	Actual	Estimate	Budget	Budget
Ordinary Revenue					
Taxes and Fran	ncise Fees				
14103	Beverage Tax	5,164	3,800	6,000	4,000
14111	Francise Tax	68,295	68,000	70,000	70,000
14320	Ad Valorem Tax	131,668	255,000	256,327	339,912
14330	Penalties and Interest	2,104	2,300	1,500	2,500
14331	Rendition Penalties	327	100	250	200
14600	Sales Tax	1,345,854	1,490,000	1,340,000	1,650,000
	Total Taxes and Francise	1,553,410	1,819,200	1,674,077	2,066,612
Permits and Li	renses				
	Building Permits	79,964	110,000	80,000	130,000
	Vendor Permits	0	45	150	100
	Sign Fee	2,600	1,000	2,400	1,500
	Miscellaneous Permit Fee	190	13,714	2,400	2,000
	Permits and Licenses	82,754	124,759	82,800	133,600
Fara fan Camila	_				
Fees for Servic		2.005	6 800	4 400	F 800
	Community Building Rental	3,885 276	6,800	4,400	5,800
	Kiosk Revenue		3 900	30	30
	Right of Way Use Fees Fees for Service	0 4,161	2,860 <i>9,660</i>	0 4,430	2,750 <i>8,580</i>
en a companya da a company	J. W C. 18				
Court Fines and		20.054	36,000	26,000	34 000
	Collection Fees	28,054	26,000	26,000	24,000
	Asset Forfeitures	0	0	1,100	1,100
	Bond Fees	26,907	-636	2.250	-500
	Child Belt Fees	2,045	2,000	2,250	2,000
	Court Fees	210.240	•	470 600	500,000
14110	OMNI	219,340 2,373	520,000 2,200	479,600 3,000	
		2,373	2,200	3,000	2,000
	Overpayment State Portion	156,790	150,000	150,000	200,000
	State Jury Fees	130,790	130,000	130,000	200,000
	STF Fees	U			
	TP Fees				
	Warrant Fees	204	80	0	50
	Judicial Efficiency Court	1,473	2,000	1,500	2,000
	Admin Deferred Fee	1,473	2,000	1,500	۷,000
	Accident Reports	348	215	200	200
	Court Fines and Forfeitures	437,533	701,859	663,650	730,850
		• .	•	•	
Other Revenue		-	*-		
14000.6	Other Revenues	0	6719	0	0.000

General Fund Revenues	2014	2015	2015 Ammended	2016-17 Proposed
Statement of Revenues	Actual	Estimate	Budget	Budget
14132 DWI Step Revenue	983	0	0	0
15350 Proceeds from Sales	17,714	0	0	10,000
15380 Unanticipated Income	8,054	37,000	0	
15391 Interest Income	1,125	0	1,000	500
15392 Interest on Investments	1,246	1,000	500	1,000
14000.6 Other Revenues	29,122	44,719	1,500	11,500
Net Income	2,106,980	2,700,197	2,426,457	2,951,142
Grants/ Transfers				
14620.2 MEDC Contributions	37,500	37500	37500	37,500
14620.4 Court Security Contributions	2,880	2880	2880	3,400
Subtotal	40,380	40,380	40,380	40,900
Total Income	2,147,360	2,740,577	2,466,837	2,992,042



Administration

Administration is responsible for the efficient delivery of City services. The City Administrator, Jack Yates, has day-to-day responsibility for the operation of all City activities and employees.

The City Secretary, Susan Hensley, is responsible for maintaining ordinances, resolutions, meeting minutes, and all City documents and required publications. The City Secretary serves as the Human Resources Officer, Records Management Officer and Public Information Officer for the City.

The City Attorney, Larry Foerster, serves as a consultant, providing the City with general counsel, litigation, contract review, and ordinance review.

The contract Bookkeeper, Municipal Accounts records the financial activities of the City and assists in managing payroll, city depositories and investments. The City has retained BrooksCardiel, PLLC Certified Public Accountants to audit the financial records.

Budget Changes:

 Add a part-time records and administrative clerk to assist with the duties of the City Secretary.

Accomplishments during 2015-2016

 Began Re-Codification of City's Code of Ordinances, submitting ordinances from 2005 through current. Legal review has been completed and the draft Code is being prepared.

- Implemented new sign ordinance and new building codes.
- Worked with numerous developers on growth related issues.
- Set up Administrative Archive Room to provide a working location to scan and organize all City's files.
- Converted the City's Records Management Schedule to the Texas State Library and Archives Schedule.

Goals for 2016-2017:

- Adopt Re-Codification of City Code of Ordinances.
- Consult with the Texas State Library and Archives Commission to convert to electronic records management for City records, which are not required to be maintained in paper copy.
- Update Personnel Policies and Procedures.
- Preparation and implementation of the lighting, tree preservation and landscaping ordinances.
- Continue with growth and development of the City.



General Fund Adm Expenditures	in Class	2014 Actual	2015-16 Estimate	2015-16 Budget	2016-17 Budget	% Change
Ordinary Expense						
Personnel						
	Compensated Benefit		64,000	69,000	0	-6900%
	Health Insurance	11,123	12,000	13,307	12,000	-10%
	Unemployment Insurance	496	230	500	370	-26%
	Workers Comp.	410	638	638	650	2%
16353.6	Dental Insurance	1,211	1,100	1,352	1,400	7%
16353.7	Life & AD&D Insurance	133	153	153	160	5%
16560	Payroll Taxes	13,644	13,500	14,611	14,630	0%
16600	Wages	178,482	170,000	170,000	184,500	8%
16620	Retirement	5,594	6,000	6,000	6,410	7%
16000	Personnel	211,093	267,621	275,561	220,120	-21%
Communication	ns					
16338	Advertising/Promotion	5,776	2,500	3,000	7,000	133%
16001	Communications	5,776	2,500	3,000	7,000	133%
Contract Service	es					
	General Consultant Fees	0	20,000	34,200	34,200	0%
16320		28,576	32,000	33,000	33,000	0%
16321	•	15,800	17,350	16,000	19,000	19%
	Engineering	6,000	20,000	105,000	40,000	-262%
	Accounting	65,566	69,000	65,000	79,000	21%
	Repairs and Maintenance	8,998	3,000	1,200	6,300	525%
	Printing and Office Supplies	847	2,700	3,100	3,000	-3%
	Computers Website	3,700	2,600	2,500	3,000	17%
	Postage and Delivery	1,710	1,500	1,300	2,400	45%
	Telephone	12,515	12,800	12,000	13,000	8%
	Tax Assessor Fee	2,950	4,500	2,500	4,500	80%
	Election	2,930	4,500	100	16,000	15900%
			12,000	18,300	10,000	-47%
	Computer Technology	15,791	·			
16002	Contract Services	162,453	197,450	294,200	263,400	-11%
Supplies and Ed	minment					
	Copier/Fax	2,465	6,800	2,500	7,000	280%
	-	10,979	11,000	18,000	12,600	-30%
	Operating Supplies		•	•	그런 그렇게 하면 없었다면 되었다.	
	Furniture	3,870	800	1,700	3,200	88%
16003	Supplies and Equipment	17,314	18,600	22,200	22,800	3%
Camill Daniele						
Staff Developm		2.046	2 4 0 0	20.000	0.500	000/
16339	Dues/ Subscriptions	3,046	2,100	20,000	2,500	-88%

General Fund Adm Expenditures	nin Class	2014 Actual	2015-16 Estimate	2015-16 Budget	2016-17 Budget	% Change
16241	Employee Polations	1,175	1,000	1,000	1,400	40%
	Employee Relations Travel and Training	7,715	5,000	7,900	6,000	20%
		11,936	8,100	28,900	9,900	-66%
16004	Staff Development	11,930	8,100	28,900	9,900	-00%
Insurance						
16353.2	Liability Insurance	5,949	6,100	5,700	6,900	21%
	Property Insurance	1,614	1,500	1,700	2,200	42%
16006	Insurance	7,563	7,600	7,400	9,100	22%
Utilities						
	Utilities - City Hall	2,057	1,800	3,000		-100%
	Utilities - Gas	1,144	700	2,000	0	-100%
	Utilities - Community Center	321	600	2,000	0	1400%
	Utilities	3,522	3,100	5,000	0	11%
10007	o (mac)	5,522	3,100	3,000		1170
Capital Outlay						
16223	Community Bldg Irrigation	0				
17071	Computers/ Equipment	7,408	1,722	3,400	2,700	-25%
16336	Capital projects					
16008	Capital Outlay	7,408	1,722	3,400	2,700	-25%
Miscellaneous						
	Adams Park Lease	1,475	2,641		2,800	2800%
10304	Sales Tax Rebatement	1,473	2,041		148,000	148000%
16500	Miscellaneous	41,196	1,800	3,800		71%
10390	Miscellaneous	41,196	1,800	3,800	150,800	13362%
	iyiiscenarieous	·	ŕ	•		
Total Expense		468,261	508,493	643,461	685,820	15%



Police

Montgomery Police Department is a constituted body of persons empowered by the state to enforce the law, protect property, and limit civil disorder. Montgomery Police Department includes the Police Chief Jim Napolitano, Lt. Joe Belmares, and Patrol Sergeant Miguel Rosario, Administrative Sergeant Becky Lehn, five patrol officers, and several reserve officers.

Mission: The mission of the Montgomery Police Department is to enhance the quality of life in the City of Montgomery by working with the public and within the guidelines of the US Constitution to enforce the laws, preserve peace, reduce fear, and provide a safe environment.

Vision: To optimize the efficient use of the police resources and respond quickly and professionally to all forms of crime, emergencies, and homeland security concerns. The Montgomery Police Department and its community stakeholders will partner with other law enforcement, government, and civic groups to address all crime and disorder issues. Montgomery Police Department seeks to improve public safety guided by its core values: respect, dignity, integrity, and fairness.

Montgomery Police Department participates in a grant funded program known as the DWI task force to prevent loss of life by apprehending violators operating a motor vehicle on our public roadways under the influence of an alcoholic beverage or

substance which causes a level of intoxication. This task force works closely with other law enforcement agencies and the District Attorney to reduce the number of violators on the roads particularly during holiday weekends.

Goals for 2016:

- Maintain high visibility to reduce criminal activity.
- Practice fiscal responsibility and accountability in the management of public resources.
- Update the Department Policy Manual.
- Manage purchase and use of equipment to assist officers in provide effective service in a timely and safe manner.
- Manage, evaluate, and train personnel to maintain safety, high standards of performance. Provide continuing education to improve professionalism and personal development.
- Improve communication and cooperation with the community by implementing new web page, by utilizing other media such as Nixle, and by participating in community partnerships and programs that promote our mission and values.
- Update emergency response procedures.



General Fund Polic Expenditures	e Class	2014 Actual	2015 Estimate	2015 Budget	2016 Pro. Budget	% Change
Ordinary Expense						
Personnel	. 15 6	•	F 000	F 000		00/
	Compensated Benefit	0	5,000	5,000	0	0%
	Health Insurance	36,891	51,284	51,284	50,000	-2%
	Unemployment Insurance	1,893	2,610	2,610	3,600	37%
	Workers Comp.	5,870	12,970	11,959	14,500	22%
	Dental Insurance	4,187	6,423	5,943	6,000	1%
16353.7	Life & AD&D Insurance	544	728	728	750	3%
16560	Payroll Taxes	27,801	33,755	29,669	44,000	49%
16600	Wages	337,036	441,236	430,231	552,600	28%
16600.1	Overtime	21,090	16,000	12,000	16,000	25%
16620	Retirement	11,184	18,223	19,223	23,500	22%
16000	Personnel	446,496	588,229	568,647	709,950	24%
Communication	ns					
	Advertising/Promotion		4,500	2,000	2,000	0%
	Communications	0	4,500	2,000	2,000	0%
Repairs and Ma						000/
	Gas/Oil	28,751	20,338	35,000	26,000	-26%
	Auto Repairs	17,298	14,196	14,100	15,000	6%
	Equipment Repairs	1,311	2,600	2,500	3,000	17%
16335.1	Maint-Vehicles & Equip	624	0	0	0	5500%
16340	Printing/ Office Supplies	774	1,680	1,500	2,000	25%
16342	Computers/ Website	295	14,000	8,000	4,000	-50%
16350	Postage/ Delivery	146	48	500	700	29%
16351	Telephone	3,452	1,300	5,000	15,000	300%
17030	Mobile Data Terminal (Air Fees)	9,152	16,000	6,000	8,000	25%
17031	Police Officer Scheduling Syst	0	0	0	2,000	2000%
	Computer Technology	5,082	0	0	2,000	2000%
	Repairs and Maintenance	67,235	70,162	72,600	77,700	7%

General i	Fund Poli	ce Class	2014 Actual	2015 Estimate	2015 Budget		% Change
Expendit	ures						
Sup	16244	Radio Fees	2,727	4,270	2,800	5,000	44%
Jup		Uniforms	7,114	7,500	6,000		25%
		Copier/Fax	2,152	4,800	100	2,000	200%
		Operating Supplies	5,685	5,000	5,000		0%
		Emergency Equipment	2,947	2,000	1,500		50%
) Radios	,	0	_,,,,,	26,000	2600%
	17100	Capital Purchase Furniture	0	500	2,000	15,000	750%
		Supplies and Equipment	20,625	24,070	17,400	64,000	367%
.	45044						450
Staf		Police Training/ Education	5,360	5,000	6,000	7,000	15%
		Dues/ Subscriptions	140	450	1,500	2,000	25%
		Community Relations	1,574	400	1,000	1,300	24%
		Travel and Training	1,559	4,000	4,000	5,000	25% 19%
	16004	Staff Development	8,633	9,850	12,500	15,300	197
Inst	16252.2	Liability Insurance	6,363	7,000	7 000	8,500	21%
HISL		Property Insurance	1,328	1,500	7,000 1,500	2,000	25%
		Subtotal Insurance	7,691	8,500	8,500	10,500	20%
	10000	Subtotul Insulance	7,031	3,300	8,500	10,300	207
Сар	17070	Police Cars	95,247	52,501	52,000	63,000	18%
•		Emergency Lights, Decals	0	19,158	21,500	25,000	16%
		Vid Tec - In Car	0	1,376	10,000	12,000	1200%
	17071	Computers/Equipment	17,185	17,000	18,000	15,000	-12%
	17071.1	Copsync	200	5,285	0	6,500	22%
	17071.2	Radar	0	1,176	0	4,000	4000%
		Investigative and Testing Equip		2,200	3,000	3,000	33%
		Ballistic Vests and Shields		3,000	5,000	5,000	-149
	17071.5	Patrol Weapons	14,830	2,500	2,500	4,000	40%
		In Field Fingerprinter	0	0	0	0	0%
		Improvements	0	0	0	0	0%
	16008	Capital Outlay	127,462	104,196	112,000	137,500	10%
Oth		Miscellaneous	4,919	2,000	2,000	1,000	-50%
		Contingency	0	0	0	100	100%
	16356	Contract Labor	19,600	0	0	0	0%
			24,519	2,000	2,000	1,100	
otal Exp	ense		702,661	811,507	795,647	1,018,050	22%



Municipal Court

The Municipal Court is a trial court of limited jurisdiction. The court acts as an impartial fact finder in determining if a City ordinance has been violated. The Municipal Court processes citations, warrants, court payments, and trials. Municipal Court Administrator Becky Lehn is responsible for the overall operations of the court and supervises Deputy Court Clerks Krystal Gonzalez and Kimberly Duckett.

Mission: To provide individuals a fair and impartial judicial process in a timely and efficient manner.

Accomplishments achieved in FY 2015-2016:

- Deputy Court Clerk Krystal Gonzalez is working towards her Level II Court Clerk Certification.
- Deputy Court Clerk Kimberly Duckett was hired to join our Municipal Court team right before the 2015-1016 fiscal year started.
- Deputy Court Clerk Kimberly Duckett, attended a week long "Boot Camp" put on by TMCEC, as well as working towards her Level I Court Clerk Certification.
- Court Administrator Becky Lehn, was invited, again this year, to sit on faculty for the Texas Court Clerk Association to instruct/teach both the Level I and Level II Court Clerk Certification classes throughout Texas.
- Officer Angelina Flores was transferred over to the Court as the Warrant/Bailiff Officer.

- Court Administrator Becky Lehn, and Officer Angelina Flores attended training regarding Court Room Security.
- Total revenue collected is at an all-time high in the Court due to collaborated efforts by the Court staff, Police Department and Collection Agency.

Goals for FY 2016-2017:

- Provide employees with customer service training that focuses on our specific customer services issues.
- Judge and staff will actively participate in City and State Court Organizations to promote continuous court knowledge and excellence.
- Judge, Prosecutor and staff will increase court dates to insure a timely process for the increased number of defendants.
- Continue to develop and improve procedures to collect past-due payments for fines and fees.
- Continue to improve electronic technology for Municipal Court record keeping and processing.
- Deputy Court Clerk Krystal Gonzalez to obtain her Level II Court Clerk Certification.
- Deputy Court Clerk Kimberly Duckett to obtain her Level I Court Clerk Certification.



General Fund Court Class	2014	2015-16	2015-16	2016-17	%
Expenditures	Actual	Estimate	Budget	Budget	Change
•			 		
Ordinary Expense					
Personnel					
16353.1 Health Insurance	9,927	9,795	9,795	19,500	50
16353.4 Unemployment Insurance	414	522	433	590	36
16353.5 Workers Comp.	243	309	309	360	16
16353.6 Dental Insurance	1,201	1,352	1,352	1,600	16
16353.7 Life & AD&D Insurance	133	153	153	220	31
16560 Payroll Taxes	6,065	7,244	7,244	11,680	39
16600 Wages	78,540	93,196	90,136	152,700	31
16600.1 Overtime	1,528	1,500	1,500	1,500	0
16620 Retirement	2,518	3,911	3,911	6,310	36
16000 Personnel	100,569	117,982	114,833	194,460	31
Contract Services					
16100 Admin Expense Misc.					
16102 General Consultant	385	4,000	1,800	4,000	255
16220 Omni Expense	2,540	13,000	3,000	3,500	15
16242 Prosecutor	7,650	9,450	9,000	11,500	22
16310 Judge	12,000	12,000	12,000	18,000	34
16322 Engineering	0	489	0	0	0
16326 Collection Agent	25,940	18,000	35,000	30,000	-16
16340 Printing/ Office Supplies	658	1,600	600	2,500	76
16342 Computers/ Website	2,000	5,500	2,500	5,500	55
16350 Postage/ Delivery	921	1,200	750	1,500	50
16351 Telephone	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	0
17510 State Portion of Fines	145,580	150,000	210,000	200,000	-5
16002 Contract Services	198,874	216,439	275,850	277,700	1
Supplies and Equipment					
16328 Uniforms & Protective Gear	114		19,750	500	395
16358 Copier/Fax Machine Lease	184	0	0	1,000	1000
16003 Supplies and Equipment - Other		2,500	2,300	7,000	68
16460 Operating Supplies	3,477	3,000	0,	4,000	4000
17100 Furniture	0	750		5,000	5000
16003 Supplies and Equipment	<i>3,775</i>	6,750	2,300	16,000	695
Staff Development					
16339 Dues/ Subscriptions	197	250	250	250	0
16341 Employee Relations (Education)	105	0	0	0	0
16354 Travel and Training	3,670	3,000	5,000	5,000	0
16004 Staff Development	3,972	3,250	5,250	5,250	0

General Fund Cour Expenditures	t Class	2014 Actual	2015 Estimate	2015 Budget	2016 Budget	% Change
Insurance						
16353.2	Liability Insurance	100	450	400	450	12
16006	Insurance	100	450	400	450	12
Capital Outlay						
17071.4	LaserFiche (Software Equip)	1,375	0	0	0	0
17071	Computers/Equipment	5,720	2,000	2,000	3,000	33
16008	Capital Outlay	7,095	2,000	2,000	3,000	33
Miscellaneous		0	200	200	2,500	1250
16590	Miscellaneous	0	200	200	2,500	1250
Total Expense		314,385	347,071	400,833	499,360	24



Public Works and Community Development

The Department of Public Works and Community Development is responsible for engineering, water and sewer utilities, streets and drainage, parks and recreation, city facilities maintenance, planning, code enforcement, building permits, and inspections. The department consists of a Public Works Foreman, 2 maintenance technicians, and a utility/permits clerk.

Accomplishments in FY 2016:

- Replaced all lighting in parks and historical district with LED's for lower energy consumption
- Installation of electronic read water meters
- Complete rewire of Community Center with LED lighting
- Parking lot project for Vintage Tea Garden to provide more parking

- 2 lift station fences added
- All speed humps painted and signage placed
- Street sign replacement project started
- Installed rock in all lift stations to reduce mowing
- Started sanitary sewer smoke testing
- Painted all stop bars in city

Goals for FY 2017:

- Add maintenance technician position
- More attention and time dedicated to parks
- Continue sanitary sewer smoke testing
- Continue repairs to city streets
- Add more parking for Cedar Brake Park
- Sidewalk improvements at Memory and Fernland Parks

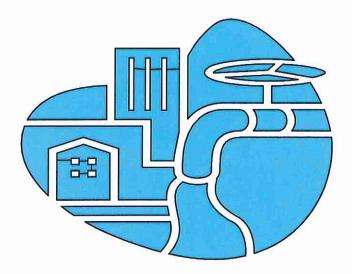


General Fund Publ Expenditures	ic Works Class	2014 Actual	2015-16 Estimate	2015-16 Budget	2016-17 Budget	% Change
Experiurcures	•	Metaur	Estimate	Dauget	Punecu	
Ordinary Expense						
Personnel						
16353.1	Health Insurance	13,435	12,700	14,693	17,060	16
16353.4	Unemployment Insurance	1,082	500	929	400	-225
	Workers Comp.	2,416	3,550	3,801	4,400	12
	Dental Insurance	1,255	1,565	2,028	2,400	16
16353.7	Life & AD&D Insurance	150	200	230	320	39
16560	Payroll Taxes	9,278	11,030	11,975	11,680	29
16600	Wages	114,686	124,700	123,792	150,760	15
16600.1	Overtime	3,191	3,000	6,001	2,000	-300
16620	Retirement	3,446	4,127	3,600	6,300	59
16000	Personnel	148,939	161,372	167,049	195,320	16
Communicatio	ns					
16338	Advertising/Promotion	0	0	0	0	0
16001	Communications	0	0	0	0	0
				•		
Contract Service	ces					
16102	General Consultant Fees	65,947	23,000	0	23,000	23000
16280	Mowing	65,947	60,000	75,000	85,000	12
16299	Inspections/ Permits	28,643	51,000	40,000	55,000	28
16320	Legal	5,553	2,000	0	5,000	5000
16322	Engineering	22,799	67,000	35,000	35,000	0
16337	Street Signs	1,548	6,000	3,200	6,500	49
16340	Printing and Office Supplies	60	500	500	500	0
16342	Computers/ Website	800	1,950	5,500	2,300	-59
16350	Postage/ Delivery	266	600	400	700	57
16351	Telephone	3,115	2,700	3,200	2,700	-18
17040	Computer Technology	2,835	13,000	5,200	2,000	-62
16334	Gas/Oil	6,910	3,300	6,400	3,500	-46
16335	Maintenance -Other	15,747	15,200	8,240	15,000	54
16343	Tractor & Mower	715	500	1,000	2,000	100
16357	Auto Repairs	2,773	1,600	4,000	2,500	-38
16372	Finance & Administration	152	0	0	0	0
16373	Equipment Repairs	968	3,000	3,000	3,500	15
16374	Building Repairs-City Hall/Comm	18,841	21,700	5,300	18,500	286
16375	Street Repairs	3,782	12,700	22,500	15,000	-33
16002	Contract Services	181,454	262,750	218,440	277,700	27
					and the state of t	

General Fund Publ Expenditures	ic Works Class	2014 Actual	2015-16 Estimate	2015-16 Budget	2016-17 Budget	% Change
	·					
Supplies and Ed		F 000	2.000	2.750	7 500	74
	Uniforms/ Protective Gear	5,008	2,800	2,750	7,500	
	Operating Supplies	2,245	4,500	1,000	6,000	80 43
	Streets and drainage	1,763	5,000	2,000	3,500	14
	Cedar Brake Park	2,638	3,000	3,500	4,000	300
	Homecoming Park	917	1,500	2,000	6,000	15
	Fernland Park	1,735	1,600	2,000	3,000	-17
	Community Building	6,594	5,000	6,000	5,000	55
	Tools, Etc	145	1,600	900	2,000	230
	Memory Park	2,215	2,000	1,300	3,000	
	Code Enforcement Expense	315	0	5,000	1,000	-400
16003	Supplies and Equipment	23,575	27,000	26,450	41,000	45
Cr. (C.D l	•					
Staff Developm				0	250	250
	Dues/ Subscriptions	500	500	500	500	0
	Employee Relations	2,500	2,000	4,500	2,500	-20
	Travel and Training	3,000	2,500	5,000	3,250	-35
16004	Staff Development	3,000	2,300	3,000	3,230	-00
Maintenance						
	Memory Park Maintenance	2,668	7,000	7,000	8,500	18
	Fernland Park Maintenance	3,378	1,500	6,000	9,800	37
	CB Park Maintenance	5,158	4,800	4,000	5,000	25
10230	Street Maintenance	0,200	,,550	,,000	18,000	18000
16231	Homecoming Park Maintenance	1,886	1,000	2,500	2,500	0
	Maintenance	13,090	14,300	19,500	43,800	224
Insurance		,	,	,		
	Liability Insurance	569	720	720	770	7
	Property Insurance	285	300	300	400	33
	Insurance	854	1,020	1,020	1,170	15
Utilities						
16352	Electronic Sign-City		400	370	500	26
16352.1	Street Lights	15,406	12,000	11,800	13,000	10
16352.2	Traffic Lights	200	1,000	250	1,200	380
16352.3	Cedar Brake Park	1,774	1,800	1,800	3,200	222
16352.4	Homecoming Park	590	900	900	1,200	277
16352.5	Fernland Park	23,895	2,400	2,000	3,100	200
16352.6	City Hall Utilities	4,190	5,000	3,500	8,000	42
16352.7	Gas-City Hall and Com Center	0	0	0	1,200	42
16352.8	Community Center Utilities	2,971	3,300	3,200	7,500	3
16352.9	Memory Park	0	0	0	15,000	3
	_					_
16007	Utilities	49,026	26,800	23,820	53,900	40

General Fund Public Works Class Expenditures	2014 Actual	2015 Estimate	2015 Budget	2016 Budget	% Change
Capital Outlay					
16233 Community Building		2,000	10,000	2,000	-500
17071.4 Laser Fiche (Software Equip)	3,490		2,100	1,000	-210
17071 Computers/Equipment	4,565	500	2,000	2,000	0
17072 Public Works Items	0	39,395	27,000	60,400	66
17080 Improvements	0	0	60,000	10,000	-600
17081 Drainage Improvements	0	0	71,847	0	-7184
16008 Capital Outlay	8,055	41,895	172,947	75,400	-157
Miscellaneous					
16356 Contract Labor-Streets	416	0	0	0	0
16590 Miscellaneous	238	2,000	2,200	100	-220
16500 Lease	1,000	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous/Other	1,654	2,000	2,200	100	-220
Total Expense	429,647	539,637	636,426	691,640	5

WATER AND SEWER FUND





WATER AND SEWER FUND SUMMARY

The Water and Sewer Fund is an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise funds are operated and accounted for like business enterprises in the private sector, and are specifically meant to be self-sufficient. The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the revenue, expenditures, and transfers associated with the operation of the water and sanitary sewer system as well as municipal solid waste collection. User fees finance the system and its services.

The Utility Billing Coordinator and Utility Technician are City staff members assigned to the Water and Sewer Department and are supervised by the City Administrator.

Water and sewer service fees must reflect the cost of operation, maintenance and replacement of costly water and sewer facilities. The replacement cost of facilities is reflected in the water and sewer rates by charging a rate sufficient to cover the operating costs and the debt service costs associated with major capital maintenance or replacement.

The City of Montgomery has implemented a Groundwater Reduction Program (GRP) to reduce the withdrawal of water from the Jasper Aquifer in compliance of regulations by the Lone Star Groundwater District. The City's program included development of a Catahoula aquifer water well and related treatment equipment at Water Plant No. 3. The City is also a partner with

Montgomery County Utility Districts 3 and 4 in the development of their GRP until 2016. The City charges a GRP Fee as a separate line item for all water customers to cover the costs of this program.

FUND FINANCIAL ACTIVITY

The 2016-2017 Budget. The City's Water and Sewer Fund revenues for FY 2016-2017 are projected to be \$1,106,260, a 20% increase from the previous year's budget. Revenue increases are based on new customers expected in the budget year. Expenditures for FY 2016-2017 are proposed at \$947,750 plus a transfer to debt service of \$125,300 for a total outlay of \$1,073,050.

For the Future. The Water and Sewer Fund is the most difficult of all of the City's funds to predict, as water usage can vary dramatically with the weather. Due to anticipated growth, the City will need to continue invest in additional utility infrastructure. One improvement to operations this year was the conversion to an Automated Meter Reading System where meters are read by radio signal, simplifying and shortening the reading process and billing process. The City is currently in the process of evaluating water rates to better balance goals of promoting conservation while generating sufficient revenue to cover expenses and debt service.



Water and Sewer	Fund -	2014 Budget	2015-16 Estimate	2015-16 Budget	2016-17 Budget	% Change
Beginning Fund Ba	lance	220,000	147,954	147,954	67,494	
Revenue						
24000	Charges for Service	804,717	770,600	783,400	960,000	23%
	Taxes and Francise Fees	5,201	5,650	5,500	5,600	2%
	GRP	·	-	•	125,300	125300%
25000	Other Revenues	3,500	110,517	96,220	660	-1450%
	Income	813,418	886,767	885,120	1,091,560	27%
Expenditures						
26001	Personnel	90,291	109,942	122,040	125,000	3%
26200	Contract Services	132,590	246,580	190,400	250,700	31%
26300	Communications	0	900	500	900	45%
26326	Permits and Licenses	14,225	16,085	0	25,000	1600%
26400	Supplies and Equipment	39,671	44,750	45,600	50,600	10%
16401	Groundwater Reduction Exp	115,942	54,300	10,000	30,000	400%
26500	Staff Development	1,442	2,750	3,150	4,000	23%
26600	Maintenance	109,418	159,000	127,000	167,000	31%
26700	Insurance	10,915	8,640	10,620	11,000	4%
26800	Utilities	74,016	94,200	79,350	82,550	4%
26900	Capital	96,583	105,400	160,000	105,000	-35%
26901	Utility Projects/Preventative Mair	nt			95,000	70000%
27000	Misc./ Contingency/ GRP	619	3,500	1,000	1,000	0%
	Expenditures	685,712	846,047	749,660	947,750	21%
Net Ordinary Incor	ne	127,706	40,720	44,840	143,810	5000%
Interfund Tran	sfers					
	Transfers In	24,340	0	0	0	0%
	Net GRP Fees	0	0	0		0%
	Transfers Out	80,000	125,300	125,300	125,300	0%
	Net Transfers	-55,660	-125,300	-125,300	-125,300	0%
Net Income	-	72,046	-84,580	-80,460	18,510	-440%
Ending Fund Bala	nce	147,954	63,374	67,494	86,004	

DEBT SERVICE FUND





DEBT SERVICE FUND SUMMARY

The Debt Service Fund is established by ordinances authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds. These same ordinances call for an ad valorem tax to be levied in sufficient amount to produce the funds needed to satisfy the City's annual debt service requirements for its general obligation bonds.

FUND ACTIVITY

The City of Montgomery uses debt financing to fund large capital investments. Streets, drainage, water and waste water systems are primarily constructed with borrowed funds. The Debt Service Fund expenditures include the interest, principle and fees related to the City's debt. The revenue used to pay these expenditures comes from ad valorem taxes and transfers from Montgomery Economic Development Corporation (MEDC) and Water and Sewer Fund.

In FY 2016-2017, the Debt Service Fund will expend \$546,867 for debt service, a 6% increase over the \$510,810 funded in FY 2015-2016. The income budgeted for FY 2016-2017 includes \$351,391 from ad valorem taxes and interest, a transfer from Water and Sewer Fund of \$125,800, and a transfer from MEDC of \$127,300. The projected fund balance at the end of FY 2016-2017 is \$99,817 or 17% of expenditures. There are three

outstanding debt issues that the City is currently financing:

- Tax & Revenue Certificate of Obligation, Series 2005 were refunded during the 2015 and are related to water and sewer improvements
- General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, which were issued to refinance debt related to the City Hall and utility improvements.
- Tax & Obligation Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012, which were issued for construction projects associated with improvements to the City's water and sanitary sewer systems.

FUTURE ACTIVITY

The City is planning on borrowing \$2,667,000 plus from the Texas Water Development board in early 2017 with possibly one partial principle and interest payment in the 2016-2017 fiscal year.

In December 2013, Standard and Poor's upgraded the City's Tax & Obligation Certificate of Obligations from "A" to "AA".' In the future, this should increase the City's bond market ability and decrease bond issuance related costs.



Debt Service Fund Budget at a Glance

	 2014 Actual	 2015-16 Estimate	2015-16 Budget		2016-17 Budget	% Change
Beginning Balance*	\$ 77,442	\$ 111,034	\$ 42,805	\$	99,817	-21%
Revenues						
Ad Valorem Tax	\$ 194,233	\$ 259,092	\$ 264,085	\$	351,391	27%
All Other Revenues	270	200	1,300		1,500	14%
Total Revenues	\$ 194,503	\$ 259,292	\$ 265,385	\$	352,891	27%
Interfund Transfers						
Transfers In	\$ 117,500	\$ 242,800	\$ 242,800	\$	253,100	6%
Transfers Out	-		-			0%
Net Interfund Transfers	\$ 117,500	\$ 242,800	\$ 242,800	\$	253,100	6%
Expenditures						
Debt Service	\$ 345,390	\$ 510,810	\$ 513,310	\$	함 로마를 보다 (1965년) 라마 사람들 같은 사람들이	-100%
TWDB				\$	30,000	
C.O. Series, 2015				\$	96,023	
G.O. Series, 2012				\$ \$	182,369	
C.O. Series, 2012				\$	235,975	
Contract Services	1,250	2,500	2,500		2,500	31%
All Other Operating Expenditures	-	-	-			0%
Total Expenditures	\$ 346,640	\$ 513,310	\$ 515,810	\$	546,867	6%
Ending Balance*	\$ 42,805	\$ 99,817	\$ 35,180	\$	158,941	351.8%

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND





CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SUMMARY

The Capital Projects Fund is designed to finance the purchase or construction of infrastructure projects (i.e. roads and water/waste water system improvements), equipment and vehicles having very long service lives, property, and buildings. Capital projects are characterized by their costs, which normally exceed \$25,000, the long operational life of the completed asset, and the impact they would have on a department's operating budget. Capital Projects are financed by debt proceeds, General Fund transfers, reserves, intergovernmental grants, developer participation, and interest earned on investments.

FUND ACTIVITY

In FY 2016-2017, the Capital Projects Fund started with a fund balance of \$209,107 from The Series 2012 Tax & Obligation Certificates of Obligation and some insurance proceeds. Estimated engineering and construction costs in FY 2016 - 2017 for water supply and street projects total

\$2,666,000 leaving approximately \$2,666,000 available for future construction projects.

Projects underway at budget were completed in FY 2015-2016. They include:

The placement of a new Automatic Meter Reading System was the fund activity in 2015-2016. The system provided replacement of all water meters that are now read electronically, virtually eliminating all labor for the reading of meters.

The City is considering borrowing approximately \$2,666,000 million dollars for water and sewer needs.

FUTURE ACTIVITY

Due to anticipated growth in the City, this Fund will likely expand in future years. The City anticipates that there will be increased spending related to numerous annexations; residential and commercial growth; and infrastructure planning, construction, and maintenance. The City plans to complete a Capital Improvement Project in FY 2016-2017 in Water and Sewer Fund to identify projects needed in the next five years.



Capital Projects Fund

	2014 Actual	2015-16 Estimate	2015-16 Budget	2016-17 Budget			
Beginning Balance*	\$ 2,028,371	\$ 347,587	\$ 209,107	\$	2,575		
Revenues							
43960-TWDB	\$ 2,732	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,667,000		
CDBG Block Grant	-	-	-				
FEMA Hazard Mitigation Gra	-	-	-				
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	-	TAXES			
45391-Interest	994	100	1,000		100		
Total Revenues	\$ 3,726	\$ 100	\$ 1,000	\$	2,667,100		
Interfund Transfers							
45392-Transfers In	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$			
43002-Transfers Out	-	-	-				
Net Interfund Transfers	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 	\$			
Expenditures							
43890 Engineering	\$ 110,804	\$ 34,515	\$ -	\$			
44002-Wastewater Projects	3,098	-	-				
48000-Water Projects	1,424,089	186,000	186,000				
46000-Roadway Projects	257,324	-	-				
SH 105 WL Improvements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	722,000		
WP #3 Improvements	-	-	-		884,000		
LS #1 Expansion	-	-	_		860,000		
LS#3 Forcemain Reroute	-	-	-		200,000		
Other	-	_	-				
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,684,510	\$ 220,515	\$ 186,000	\$	2,666,000		
Ending Balance	\$ 347,587	\$ 127,172	\$ 24,107	\$	3,675		

HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND





HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND SUMMARY

The Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund collects taxes from hotels, motels, and bed and breakfasts within the City. For the purposes of the tax, a hotel is considered to be any building in which members of the public rent sleeping accommodations for \$15 or more per day, and local hotel taxes apply to sleeping rooms costing \$2 or more per day. While the state's hotel tax rate is 6%, local taxing authorities are also allowed to levy hotel tax rates up to 7%. The City collects a 6% hotel tax that may only be used for specified purposes related to promoting the hotel and convention industry such

as tourism marketing. The funds may not be used for other general governmental functions.

FUTURE ACTIVITY

In FY 2016- 2017, the City projects there will be \$610 in revenues derived primarily from hotel taxes. There are not expenditures budgeted from this fund in FY 2016 - 2017. In the future, as the City adds hotels, motels, as well as additional bed and breakfasts, these revenues should rise accordingly.



Fiscal Year 2016-2017 Base Budget

Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund

	2014 Actual		 015-16 stimate	 015-16 Budget	2016-17 Budget		
Beginning Balance	\$	5,936	\$ 7,138	\$ 7,743	\$	7,743	
Revenues							
Hotel Occupancy Tax	\$	1,190	\$ 600	\$ 600	\$	600	
All Other Revenues		12	5	20		10	
Total Revenues	\$	1,202	\$ 605	\$ 620	\$	610	
Interfund Transfers							
Transfers In	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _	\$		
Transfers Out		-	-	-			
Net Interfund Transfers	\$		\$ 	\$ •	\$	•	
Expenditures					2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200		
Contract Services		_	_	_			
All Other Operating Expenditures		-	-	-		100	
Total Expenditures	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	100	
Ending Balance	\$	7,138	\$ 7,743	\$ 8,363	\$	8,253	

COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND





COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND SUMMARY

The Court Technology Fund is a fund that collects revenues from court fines and forfeitures and utilizes these resources to finance the purchase of technological enhancements for the Municipal Court in accordance with Article 102.0172 in the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.

Some of the items that may be purchased in the Court Technology Fund include:

- 1. Computer systems, networks, hardware, and software
- 2. Imaging systems

- 3. Electronic kiosks
- 4. Electronic ticket writers
- 5. Docket management systems

FUND/FUTURE ACTIVITY

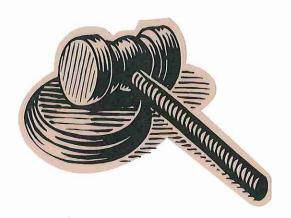
During FY 2016-2017, the City projects \$6,000 in revenues and \$4,800 in expenditures in this fund. As the operations and scope of the Municipal Court expands, this fund should be flexible enough to meet further technological needs.



Court Technology Fund

		2014 Actual	_	015-16 timate	 015-16 Budget		016-17 oudget	% Change
Beginning Balance	\$	2,482	\$	2,812	\$ 5,294	\$	4,964	-6%
Revenues								
Court Technology Fees	\$	5,900	\$	6,000	\$ 6,000	\$	6,000	0%
All Other Revenues		2		10	10	1.5	2	-0.8
Total Revenues	\$	8,384	\$	8,822	\$ 11,304	\$	10,966	-3%
Interfund Transfers							Olympia Grands Oracida a Grands	
Transfers In		0		0	0		0	0%
Transfers Out		0		0	0		0	0%
Net Interfund Transfers	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	0%
Expenditures								
Supplies & Equipment		0		0	0		0	0%
Contract Services	\$	3,100	\$	6,340	\$ 6,340	\$	4,800	32%
All Other Operating Expendit	†	0		0	0		0	0%
Total Expenditures	\$	3,100	\$	6,340	\$ 6,340	\$	4,800	32%
Ending Balance	\$	5,284	\$	2,482	\$ 4,964	\$	6,166	20%

COURT SECURITY FUND





COURT SECURITY FUND SUMMARY

The Court Security Fund is a fund that collects revenues from court fines and forfeitures for the purposes of providing funding for the enhancement of Municipal Court security. The Court Security Fund collects fees in accordance with Article 102.017 in the Texas Code of Criminal Procedures.

Some of the items that may be purchased in the Court Security Fund include:

- 1. X-ray machines and metal detectors
- 2. Identification cards and systems
- 3. Electronic locking and surveillance equipment

- 4. Court bailiff
- 5. Continuing education on security issues for court and security personnel

FUND/FUTURE ACTIVITY

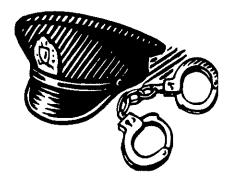
For FY 2016 - 2017, this fund will have projected revenues of \$5,505, \$1,000 in expenses, and a transfer of \$3,400 to General Fund to pay for a bailiff officer for Municipal Court. Also, similar to the Court Technology Fund, as the operations and scope of the Municipal Court expands, this fund should be flexible enough to meet further technological needs regarding the Municipal Court.



Court Security Fund

	 2014 Actual	2015-16 Estimate	015-16 Budget	100	016-17 Budget	% Change
Beginning Balance	\$ 2,963	\$ 7,631	\$ 6,539	\$	8,179	21%
Revenues						
84110.1-Court Security Fees	\$ 4,648	\$ 7,600	\$ 4,500	\$	5,500	19%
84120.1-All Other Revenues	20	2	20		5	-75%
Total Revenues	\$ 4,668	\$ 7,602	\$ 4,520	\$	5,505	-18%
Interfund Transfers						
84130-Transfers In	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$	•	0%
86551-Transfers Out Baliff		3,000	2,880		3,400	16%
Net Interfund Transfers	\$ -	\$ (3,000)	\$ (2,880)	\$	(3,400)	16%
Expenditures						
Contract Services	-	•	-			0%
All Other Operating Expenditures	-		-	Single Section	1,000	1000%
Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,000	0%
Ending Balance	\$ 7,631	\$ 12,233	\$ 8,179	\$	9,729	16%

POLICE ASSET FORFEITURE FUND





POLICE ASSET FORFEITURE FUND SUMMARY

The Police Asset Forfeiture Fund is a fund that collects revenues from seized contraband that is used in the commission of certain felonies, and utilizes these resources to finance the purchase of specified items for the Police Department. In this context, contraband refers to property of any nature, including real, personal, tangible, or intangible as defined by Article 59.06 in the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.

Expenditures within this fund must be used solely for law enforcement purposes, such as salaries and overtime pay for officers, officer training, specialized investigative equipment and supplies, and items used by officers in direct law enforcement duties.

FUND/FUTURE ACTIVITY

For FY 2016-2017, this fund will start with a beginning balance of \$5,715, and will have projected revenues of \$1,000 and no expenditures. In the future, this fund will likely continue to increase as the Police Department obtains more revenues through seized assets.



Police Asset Forfeiture Fund

	2014 Actual			2015-16 stimate	.015-16 Budget	2016-17 Budget			
Beginning Balance	\$	4,515	\$	4,715	\$ 4,715	\$	5,715		
Court Fines and Fees									
Asset Forfeitures All Other Revenues	\$	200	\$	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000		
Total Revenues	\$	4,715	\$	5,715	\$ 5,715	\$	6,715		
Interfund Transfers						11 Sec.			
Transfers In	\$	_	\$		\$ -	\$			
Transfers Out		-		-	-	1130,410			
Net Interfund Transfers	\$		\$		\$ ь	\$			
Expenditures									
Supplies & Equipment	\$	3,000	\$	-					
Contract Services		-			-				
Capital Outlay		-		-	-				
All Other Operating Expend		-		-	-				
Total Expenditures	\$	3,000	\$	m-	\$ 	\$			
Ending Balance	\$	4,715	\$	5,715	\$ 5,715	\$	6,715		

CAPITAL OUTLAY PROJECT LIST



Police Department Capital Outlay:

• 17050 – Radios	\$26,000
(Currently in standard expenditures, but should be in capital expenditures	;)
• 17070 – Police Cars	
Two vehicles 1 Tahoe; 1 Explorer	\$ 63.000
Emergency Lights, safety equipment and Decals.	\$ 25,000
Vid Tec – In Car Video	\$ 12,000
 17071 – Computers/Equipment 	\$ 15,000
• 17071.1 – Copsync	\$ 6,500
• 17071.2 – Radar	\$ 4,000
Investigative and testing equipment	\$ 3,000
Ballistic Vests and Shields	\$ 5,000
 17071.5 – Patrol Weapons and safes 	\$ 4,000
Total Capital Outla	sy \$137,500
Public Works Capital Outlay:	
Chevrolet 1500 4x4 Crew Truck	\$ 39,500
Equipped with tool boxes, steps and all necessary tools	40 000000000000000000000000000000000000
 Covered shed for equipment and crew trucks 	\$ 18,000
 Security cameras for Sewer Plant #2 	\$ 1,500
Garage door opener for 1 shop door	\$ 1,400
Total Capital Outla	ay \$ 60,400
Water/Sewer Capital Outlay:	
Water:	165
 CP No. 1 GST Backfill (Previously approved project) 	\$136,000
 CP No.2 Buffalo Springs Bridge WL (Previously approved project) 	\$ 90,000
 CP No. 3 SH-105 WL Improvements (Applied for TWDB funding) 	\$722,000
 CP No. 9 WP No. 3 Improvements (Applied for TWDB funding) 	\$884,000
Total Capital Outla	ay \$1,832,000
Wastewater	
CP No. 3b LS No. 1 Expansion to 0.40MGD (Applied for TWDB funding)	\$860,000
 CP No. 10 LS No. 3 Forcemain Reroute (Applied for TWDB funding) 	\$200,000
Total Capital Outla	y \$1,060,000



APPENDICES

Appendices

Appendix A – Glossary of Terms Appendix B – Bond Debt Service

Appendix C - General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

Appendix D – Tax and Obligation Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012



Appendix A

Glossary of Terms

Account: A term used to identify an individual asset, liability, expenditure control, revenue control, encumbrance, or fund balance.

Accounts Payable: A liability account reflecting amounts on open account owing to private persons or organizations for goods and services received by a government but not including amounts due to other funds of the same government or to other governments.

Accounts Receivable: As asset account reflecting amounts owing to open accounts from private persons or organizations for goods and services furnished by a government.

Ad Valorem: Latin for "value of." Refers to the tax assessed against real (land and buildings) and personal (equipment and furniture) property; usually in reference to property taxes.

Appropriation: A legal authorization granted by City Council to make expenditures and incur obligations for designated purposes.

Assessed Valuation: A valuation set upon real estate or other property by a government on a basis for levying taxes.

Balance Sheet: The basic financial statement which discloses the assets, liabilities, and equities of an entity at a specified date in conformity with GAAP.

Bond: A written promise, generally under seal, to pay a specific amount of money, called the face value, at a fixed time in the future, called the maturity date, and carrying interest at fixed rate, usually paid periodically.

Budget: A plan of financial operation embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures for a given period and the proposed means of financing them.

Budget Ordinance: The official enactment by the City Council establishing the legal authority for City Officials to obligate and expend funds.

Capital Outlays: Expenditures which result in the acquisition of or addition to fixed assets which are individually priced more than \$1,000.



Capital Improvements Program: A plan for capital expenditures to be incurred each year over a fixed period of several years setting forth each capital project and the amount and method of financing.

Central Appraisal District: A county-wide district formed by legislature to provide appraisals of property located within the county. These county-wide appraisals are provided to the county, school districts, cities, and municipal utility districts for basis of taxation.

Current Assets: Those assets which are available or can be made readily available to finance current operations or to pay current liabilities. Those assets which will be used up or converted into cash within one year. Some examples are cash, temporary investments, and

Current Liabilities: Debt or other legal obligation arising out of transactions in the past which must be liquidated, renewed, or refunded within one year.

Debt Service: A cost category which typically reflects the repayment of general long-term debt principle and interest.

Delinquent Taxes: Property taxes remaining unpaid at the end of the current fiscal year. Although taxes become delinquent and accrue penalties and interest on February 1 of each year, they are carried as current taxes receivable during the current fiscal year.

Effective Interest Rate: The property tax rate set necessary to generate the same tax dollars as the previous tax year.

Encumbrances: Obligations in the form of purchase orders or contracts charged to an appropriation which reserves the fund until it is necessary to pay the bill.

Fiscal Year: A twelve month period at the end of which the City determines its financial condition and the results of its operations and closes it books.

Fixed Assets: Assets of a long-term character which are intended to continue to be held or used, such as land, buildings, machinery, and equipment.

Franchise: A special privilege granted by a government permitting the continuing use of public property, such as City streets, and usually involving the elements of monopoly and regulation.

Fund: A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.



Fund Balance: The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities; also referred to as fund equity.

General Ledger: A book, file, or other device which contains the accounts needed to reflect the financial position and the results of operations of an entity. In double-entry bookkeeping, the debits and credits in the general ledger are equal; therefore, the debit balances equal the credit balances

Governmental Funds: Those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds.

Ordinance: A formal legislative enactment by the governing board of a municipality. If it is not in conflict with any higher form of law, such as a state statute or constitutional provision, it has the full force and effect of law within the boundaries of the municipality to which it applies. The difference between an ordinance and a resolution is that the latter requires less legal formality and has a lower legal status. Revenue raising measures, such as the imposition of taxes, special assessments and service charges, universally require ordinances.

Purchase Order: A document which authorizes the delivery of specified merchandise or the rendering of certain services and the making of a charge for them.

Revenues: Increases in governmental fund type net current assets from other than expenditure funds and residual equity transfers.

Taxes: Compulsory charges levied by a government for the purpose of financing services performed for the common benefit. This term does not include specific charges made against particular persons or property for current or permanent benefits, such as special assessments. Neither does the term include charges for services rendered only to those paying such charges as, for example, sewer service charges.

Tax Rate: The amount of tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation.

User Fees: The payment of a fee for a direct receipt of a public service by the party benefiting from the service.



Appendix B

City of Montgomery, Texas

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2015

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activities debt issues outstanding at year ending were as follows:

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Year ending	g 2012 G.O. Bonds				2012 Tax &	enue COs	2015 G.O. Refunding Bonds			
eptember 30,		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest
2016	\$	105,000	\$	79,468	\$ 115,000	\$	119,501	\$ 75,000	\$	16,841
2017		105,000		77,368	120,000		115,976	80,000		16,023
2018		105,000		75,268	120,000		112,376	80,000		14,903
2019		105,000		73,103	125,000		108,701	85,000		13,518
2020		110,000		70,750	130,000		104,876	85,000		11,903
2021		115,000		68,075	130,000		100,976	80,000		11,173
2022		115,000		65,200	135,000		97,001	85,000		8,294
2023		120,000		62,112	140,000		92,876	90,000		6,170
2024		125,000		58,744	145,000		88,601	90,000		3,853
2025		130,000		55,076	145,000		84,251	95,000		1,330
2026		130,000		51,176	150,000		7 9, 4 51	-		_
2027		135,000		47,032	155,000		74,113	-		-
2028		140,000		42,563	160,000		68,600	-		-
2029		145,000		37,569	165,000		62,913	-		-
2030		155,000		31,944	170,000		57,051	_		-
2031		110,000		26,975	175,000		51,013	-		-
2032		115,000		22,756	180,000		44,800	-		-
2033		125,000		18,100	190,000		38,325	_		~
2034		125,000		13,100	190,000		31,675	_		-
2035		130,000		8,000	195,000		24,938	-		~
2036		135,000		2,700	200,000		18,026	-		-
2037		-		-	205,000		10,938	-		-
2038		-		-	 210,000		3,675	-		-
	\$	2,580,000	\$	987,079	\$ 3,650,000	\$	1,590,653	\$ 845,000	\$	104,008

<u>Series 2012 – General Obligation Refunding Bond</u> - the bond is secured by water and sewer revenue and is repayable with property tax revenue. The proceeds were used to refund the City's Series 2005A and Series 2005B Certificates of Obligation.

<u>Series 2012 Tax and Revenue Certificate of Obligation</u> - the bond is secured by water and sewer revenues and is repayable with property tax revenue. The proceeds were used for construction of and improvements to the facilities and equipment of the City's water and sewer system.

<u>Series 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bond</u> - the bond is secured by water and sewer revenues and is repayable with property tax revenue. The proceeds were used to refund an existing bond that was used for improvements to the City's water and sewer system.

Appendix C

7	General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012												
FYI	£	Interest	Interest	Due	Principle								
Septen	ıber	Rate	1-Mar	1-Sep	March 1	Total							
×					_								
	2014	2.0000	\$42,259	41,259	\$100,000	\$183,518							
	2015	2.0000	41,259	40,259	100,000	181,518							
	2016	2.0000	40,259	39,209	105,000	184,468							
	2017	2.0000	39,209	38,159	105,000	182,368							
	2018	2.0000	38,159	37,109	105,000	180,268							
	2019	2.1250	37,109	35,994	105,000	178,103							
	2020	2.2500	35,994	34,756	110,000	180,750							
	2021	2.5000	34,756	33,319	115,000	183,075							
	2022	2.5000	33,319	31,881	115,000	180,200							
	2023	2.7500	31,881	30,231	120,000	182,112							
	2024	2.7500	30,231	28,513	125,000	183,744							
	2025	3.0000	28,513	26,563	130,000	185,076							
	2026	3.0000	26,563	24,613	130,000	181,176							
	2027	3.2500	24,613	22,419	135,000	182,032							
	2028	3.2500	22,419	20,144	140,000	182,563							
	2029	3.7500	20,144	17,425	145,000	182,569							
	2030	3.7500	17,425	14,519	155,000	186,944							
	2031	3.7500	14,519	12,456	110,000	136,975							
	2032	3.7500	12,456	10,300	115,000	137,756							
	2033	4.0000	10,300	7,800	125,000	143,100							
	2034	4.0000	7,800	5,300	125,000	138,100							
	2035	4.0000	5,300	2,700	130,000	138,000							
	2036	4.0000	2,700	0	135,000	137,700							
Total		_	\$597,187	\$554,928	\$2,780,000	\$3,932,115							



Appendix D

Tax and Obligation Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012

Tax and Obligation Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012						
FYE		Interest	Interest Due		Principle	
Septem	ber	Rate	1-Mar	1-Sep	March 1	Total
ğ	2014	3.0000	\$62,263	62,263	\$0	\$124,526
	2015	3.0000	62,263	60,613	110,000	232,876
i S	2016	3.0000	60,613	58,888	115,000	234,501
	2017	33.0000	58,888	57,088	120,000	235,976
,	2018	3.0000	57,088	55,288	120,000	232,376
1	2019	3.0000	55,288	53,413	125,000	233,701
	2020	3.0000	53,413	51,463	130,000	234,876
	2021	3.0000	51,463	49,513	130,000	230,976
í	2022	3.0000	49,513	47,488	135,000	232,001
2	2023	3.0000	47,488	45,388	140,000	232,876
2	2024	3.0000	45,388	43,213	145,000	233,601
2	2025	3.0000	43,213	41,038	145,000	229,251
2	2026	3.5000	41,038	38,413	150,000	229,451
2	2027	3.5000	38,413	35,700	155,000	229,113
2	2028	3.5000	35,700	32,900	160,000	228,600
7	2029	3.5000	32,900	30,013	165,000	227,913
2	2030	3.5000	30,013	27,038	170,000	227,051
-	2031	3.5000	27,038	23,975	175,000	226,013
2	2032	3.5000	23,975	20,825	180,000	224,800
2	2033	3.5000	20,825	17,500	190,000	228,325
2	2034	3.5000	17,500	14,185	190,000	221,685
2	2035	3.5000	14,185	10,763	195,000	219,948
2	2036	3.5000	10,763	7,263	200,000	218,026
2	2037	3.5000	7,263	3,675	205,000	215,938
2	2038	3.5000_	3,675	0	210,000	213,675
Total			\$950,169	\$887,906	\$3,760,000	\$5,598,075

